(A Political Subdivision of the State of Nevada)

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024



# TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	11
Statement of Activities	12
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,  Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	31
Schedule of the School's Contributions to Nevada PERS	32
Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	33
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Governmental Funds	34
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	36
Independent Auditors' Comments	38

Albert J. Kenneson, Jr. Hamza Khan

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Carson Montessori Charter School Carson City, Nevada

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Carson Montessori Charter School (the School), (a Political Subdivision of the State of Nevada), Carson City, Nevada of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Carson Montessori Charter School as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation in the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, pension information, and the Governmental Funds' budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in

the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Prior Year Partial Comparative Information**

We have previously audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023 which expressed an unmodified opinion on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund. The summarized comparative information presented in the basic financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 is consistent with the audited financial statements from which it is derived.

The individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2023 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2023 basic financial statements and certain other additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The individual fund financial statements and schedules are consistent in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2024, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reno, Nevada

December 16, 2024



As the administration of the Carson Montessori Charter School (a Political Subdivision of the State of Nevada), we offer readers of the School's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of its financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the School's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's financial statements. The School's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the School through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the School.

#### Financial Highlights

- The School's net position (deficit) as of June 30, 2024 was \$(1,750,490), a decrease in net position of \$139,371 from the previous year.
- The net increase in the governmental funds (the General and Special Grants funds) was \$211,381 for the year, as compared to a decrease of \$434,430 in the previous year.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Carson Montessori School's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. They provide both short and long-term information about the School's financial status.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources (if any) and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the School. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements for the School report the General Fund and the Special Grants Fund; the School does not currently operate any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and the School's regulations.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps you determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the School's programs. The relationships between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are described in reconciliations that are a part of the fund financial statements.

The focus of the governmental fund statements is on major funds. The School has two individual governmental funds, both of which are considered major funds:

- General Fund
- Special Grants Fund

These funds are disclosed separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The School's required supplementary information is a comparison of its budgeted revenues and expenditures to the actual results achieved for the current fiscal year, which is presented in the *Budgetary Comparison Schedule*. The School combines its General and Special Grants funds into one reporting unit for this presentation. In addition to this schedule, the School provides the information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), relative to its participation in the Public Employees' Retirement System in Nevada (PERS) as well as the other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as one useful indicator of the School's financial condition over time. The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,750,490 as of June 30, 2024. The School has \$40,192 of its net position invested in its capital assets (e.g. furniture and equipment). These capital assets are used to provide educational services to its students; consequently, they are not available for future spending.

Below is a summary of the School's net position (deficit) for 2024 compared to 2023.

CARSON MONTESSORI SCHOOL									
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Change									
	2024	2023	<b>\$</b>	%					
Assets									
Current assets	\$ 932,925	\$ 809,718	\$ 123,207	15.2%					
Net capital assets	40,192	43,269	(3,077)	-7.1%					
Other assets	26,338	26,338		0.0%					
Total Assets	999,455	879,325	120,130	13.7%					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,186,286	1,365,695	(179,409)	-13.1%					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	2,185,741	2,245,020	(59,279)	-2.6%					
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	202,610	199,145	3,465	1.7%					
Non-current liabilities	3,564,086	3,500,547	63,539	1.8%					
Total Liabilities	3,766,696	3,699,692	67,004	1.8%					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	169,535	156,447	13,088	8.4%					
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	3,936,231	3,856,139	80,092	2.1%					
Net Position (Deficit)									
Net investment in capital assets	40,192	43,269	(3,077)	-7.1%					
Unrestricted	(1,790,682)	(1,654,388)	(136,294)	-8.2%					
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$(1,750,490)	\$(1,611,119)	\$ (139,371)	-8.7%					

A case could be made that the largest impact on the School's financial statement in 2024 had little impact on the School's overall financial condition; GASB 68 requires the School to recognize a net pension liability of \$3,410,339, along with its deferred outflows of \$1,183,079 and deferred inflows of \$119,320. As discussed below, users of this financial statement may gain an alternate perspective of the School's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liabilities to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pensions.

GASB statements are national and apply to all governmental financial reports which are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Under the standards required by GASB 68, the pension liability equals the School's proportionate share of the plan's collective present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service, less plan assets available to pay benefits.

GASB noted that the unfunded portion of the pension and OPEB benefit promise is a present obligation of the government – part of a bargained-for-benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Nevada, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Contribution rates are established by State statute and are determined. Nevada's Public Employees' Retirement Act requires an adjustment in the statutory contribution rates on July 1 of each odd-numbered year, based on the actuarially determined rates indicated in the actuarial valuation report for the immediately preceding year. There is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension and OPEB systems against the public employer.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences, are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the pension and OPEB liabilities. Changes in pension and OPEB, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the pension and OPEB liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with the required pension payments, State statute does not assign or identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. In accordance with GASB 68, the School's statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting including an annual pension expense for its proportionate share of the plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows or outflows.

The changes in the School's net position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are presented below:

CARSON MONTESSORI SCHOOL CHANGES IN NET POSITION							
			Chang	ge			
	2024	2023	\$	%			
Revenues:							
Operating grants and							
contributions	\$ 136,656	\$ 321,768	\$ (185,112)	-57.5%			
State aid, unrestricted	2,971,974	2,190,684	781,290	35.7%			
Investment earnings	1,871	1,745	126	7.2%			
Total Revenues	3,110,501	2,514,197	596,304	23.7%			
Expenses:							
Instruction	2,189,200	2,081,906	107,294	5.2%			
Support services	1,057,595	950,763	106,832	11.2%			
Depreciation	3,077	2,877	200	7.0%			
Total Expenses	3,249,872	3,035,546	214,326	7.1%			
Change in Net Position	\$ (139,371)	\$ (521,349)	\$ 381,978	73.3%			

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The School's actual results compared to its budgeted June 30, 2024 results are presented in the accompanying "Budgetary Comparison Schedule." As previously mentioned, the School combines its General and Special Grants funds into one reporting unit for this presentation, which is the basis used for its budget development and submission to the Nevada Department of Education. There were no expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The School's capital assets consist of classroom, computer, playground, office equipment and furniture, and leasehold improvements. Additional detail can be found in the footnotes to the financial statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

The School's long-term debt is comprised of estimates for earned personal and sick leave of the School's principal (the only employee eligible for payout of earned personal and sick leave) as well as an estimate of the future obligations for employee pensions and other postemployment benefits (as discussed earlier in this document). The School has no other long-term debt.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The School's principal source of revenue is the per-pupil funding from the State of Nevada. This funding is based on a calculation of student enrollment.

This administration is committed to maintaining the highest of standards in elementary education and continues to do so through unyielding vigilance and fiscal responsibility. Our enrollment growth and prudent fiscal management have enabled us to consider options for the School's facilities. Despite our continued efforts, a viable option has not yet presented itself. Nevertheless, we remain undaunted in furtherance of the School's mission of quality education. Our search for a new facility and/or expansion options continues; therefore, the administration has retained its \$295,000 assignment of fund balance. Further, an assignment of \$57,534 of fund balance is for the budgeted excess of expenditures over revenues for the 2025 fiscal and school year.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Carson Montessori Charter School's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mrs. Jessica Barlow Daniels, Ed.S., NBCT, Executive Director/Principal, Carson Montessori Charter School, 2263 Mouton Drive, Carson City, NV 89706, 775/887-9500.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 558,049
Due from other governments	374,876
Other receivables	5,850
Capital assets, net	40,192
Other assets	20,488
Total Assets	999,455
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB	1,186,286
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	 2,185,741
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	202,610
Accrued compensated absences	133,049
Net OPEB liability	20,698
Net pension liability	3,410,339
Total Liabilities	3,766,696
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	169,535
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	 3,936,231
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	40,192
Unrestricted	(1,790,682)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (1,750,490)

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			PROGRAM REVENUES				NET	(EXPENSES)
			C	HARGES	OPI	ERATING	REV	ENUES AND
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				FOR	GRA	ANTS AND	CF	HANGES IN
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	E	XPENSES	S	ERVICES	CONT	RIBUTIONS	NE	T POSITION
Regular programs instruction	\$	2,001,734	\$	-	\$	1,788	\$	(1,999,946)
Special programs instruction		187,466				134,868		(52,598)
Total Instruction		2,189,200		-		136,656		(2,052,544)
Support services		1,057,595		-		-		(1,057,595)
Depreciation		3,077		_				(3,077)
		1,060,672		_		_		(1,060,672)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,249,872	\$	-	\$	136,656		(3,113,216)
	Ger	ieral Revenu	es					
	St	tate aid, unre	strict	ed				2,971,974
		vestment ear						1,871
	Tota	al General Re	venu	es				2,973,845
Change in Net Position						(139,371)		
	NET	T POSITION	(DE	FICIT), Ju	ly 1, 202	.3		(1,611,119)
	NET	Γ POSITION	(DE	FICIT), Ju	ne 30, 20	024	\$	(1,750,490)

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2023)

	Gl	ENERAL	PECIAL RANTS	G	TOT SOVERNME	ΓALS NTAL	FUNDS
		FUND	FUND		2024		2023
ASSETS					,		
Cash	\$	558,049	\$ -	\$	558,049	\$	633,113
Due from other funds		121,487	-		121,487		23,144
Due from other governments		241,538	133,338		374,876		176,605
Other receivables		5,850	-		5,850		5,850
Deposits		20,488	 -		20,488		20,488
Total Assets	\$	947,412	\$ 133,338	\$	1,080,750	\$	859,200
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$	190,759	\$ 11,851	\$	202,610	\$	199,145
Due to other funds		_	 121,487		121,487		23,144
Total Liabilities		190,759	 133,338		324,097		222,289
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESC	URCI	ES					
Unavailable revenue			 				91,639
FUND BALANCE							
Assigned							
Building relocation		295,000	-		295,000		295,000
Subsequent year's budget		57,534	-		57,534		247,050
Unassigned		404,119	-		404,119		3,222
Total Fund Balance		756,653	 		756,653		545,272
Total Liabilities, Deferred							
Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	947,412	\$ 133,338	\$	1,080,750	\$	859,200

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2024

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 756,653
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the State. Position (Deficit) are different because:	ment of Net	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	cial resources	
Governmental capital assets	147,326	
Less accumulated depreciation	(107,134)	40,192
Deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB, included payments made subsequent to the measurement date.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current of therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		1,186,286
Compensated absences	(133,049)	
Pension liability	(3,410,339)	
OPEB liability	(20,698)	(3,564,086)
Deferred inflows related to pension investment returns and	changes in	
assumptions are not reported in the governmental funds.	-	 (169,535)
Net Position (Deficit) - Governmental Activities		\$ (1,750,490)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023)

	GENERAL		GENERAL			PECIAL RANTS	G	TOT SOVERNME	TALS NTAI	. FUNDS
		FUND		FUND		2024		2023		
REVENUES										
Local sources	\$	3,659	\$	-	\$	3,659		1,745		
State sources		2,971,974		188,338		3,160,312		2,335,847		
Federal sources		-		38,169		38,169		84,966		
Total Revenues		2,975,633		226,507		3,202,140		2,422,558		
EXPENDITURES										
Regular programs		2,779,868		-		2,779,868		2,704,818		
Special programs		-	187,466		187,466			128,990		
Undistributed expenditures:										
Facilities		23,425		-		23,425		23,180		
Total Expenditures		2,803,293		187,466		2,990,759		2,856,988		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		172,340		39,041		211,381		(434,430)		
Transfers from (to) other fund		39,041		(39,041)						
Net Change in Fund Balance		211,381		-		211,381		(434,430)		
FUND BALANCE, July 1,		545,272				545,272		979,702		
FUND BALANCE, June 30,	\$	756,653	\$	-	\$	756,653	\$	545,272		

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 211,381
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is depreciated	
over their estimated useful lives.	(3,077)
Some revenues will not be collected in time to pay for obligations of	
the current period; therefore, they are not considered available	
revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, reported as	
deferred inflows of resources.	(91,639)
The change in the long-term portion of compensated absences is	
reported in the Statement of Activities. This does not require the use	
of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an	
expenditure in the governmental funds.	(9,741)
Change in pension and OPEB expenses related to deferred items.	 (246,295)
Change in Net Position (Deficit) - Governmental Activities	\$ (139,371)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Carson Montessori Charter School, Carson City, Nevada (the School) have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting. A summary of the School's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements is as follows:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The School is a political subdivision of the State of Nevada and was organized to operate a public charter school sponsored by the Carson City School District, under Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 386.500 to 386.610. The School is governed by its Board of Directors (Board) which has decision making authority, the authority to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and is primarily accountable for fiscal matters. Therefore, the School is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined in GASB pronouncements.

#### Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the School as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and is reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis that recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School's net position is reported in two parts: invested in capital assets, and unrestricted net position. At the present time, no part of the School's net position is restricted.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by the general government revenues (distributive school funds and interest income not legally restricted for specific programs, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues and operating grants. Program revenues include operating grants and contributions and investment earnings legally restricted to support a specific program. Program revenue must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The School's resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are intended and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental type activity category. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category) for the determination of major funds. The School's management may electively add funds as major funds, when it is determined the funds have specific community or management focus. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The School reports the following major **Governmental Funds**:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School not encompassed within other funds. All receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

#### Special Grants Fund

The Special Grants Fund is a special revenue fund. The revenues are legally restricted to expenditures for special education and other specified purposes.

#### **Measurement Focus**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

#### Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds financial statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences between the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### Revenues

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations for which the revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: investment earnings, grants and entitlements.

#### Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred *outflows* of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The School's deferred outflows are related to its pension contributions and OPEB, as discussed in Notes 7 and 8.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred *inflows* of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Statement of Net Position reports deferred inflows related to its pension expense, as also discussed in Note 7.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The School adheres to policies set forth by the Nevada Department of Education (Department) to adopt a final budget not later than June 8 for the subsequent school year. The School is not required nor prohibited by the Department to amend its budget during the year. The budget was amended for the year ended June 30, 2024. The original and final budgets are compared to the actual revenues and expenditures and are presented in the accompanying required supplementary information. The School combines its General and Special Grants funds into one reporting unit for budgetary purposes.

#### **Deposits**

Amounts are on deposit with the lessor of the School's operating facilities.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which are comprised of furniture, fixtures, equipment, and leasehold improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The School defines capital assets as having an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. If purchased or constructed, all capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value as of the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5 – 15 years.

#### **Accrued Liabilities**

Accrued liabilities consist principally of teacher, administrator, and other School employee salaries and benefits for the school program year ended June 30, 2024, but which were not yet paid as of that date.

#### **Accrued Compensated Absences**

Employees earn and accumulate vacation and sick leave at rates dependent on their position and length of employment. Vacation and sick leave used throughout the year is recorded as a payroll expenditure. An estimated long-term liability is accrued in the government-wide financial statements to the extent of unused

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

vacation and sick leave that would be payable upon the principal's termination or retirement. No other employees are permitted to receive a payout.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses/expenditures and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### NOTE 2 – COMPLIANCE WITH NEVADA REVISED STATUTES

The School conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year.

#### **NOTE 3 – CASH**

The School's cash balances as of June 30, 2024 were \$558,049, which were held in two institutions in Carson City, Nevada. Bank deposits are generally covered by FDIC insurance and are collateralized by the Office of the State Treasurer. Total bank balances as of June 30, 2024 were \$671,742; the uninsured bank balances of \$171,742 were collateralized by securities in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer.

#### NOTE 4 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide Statement of Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is typically categorized as invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are statutory limitation on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. As of June 30, 2024, no part of the School's net position is reported as restricted. Unrestricted net position represents the School's available financial resources.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Generally accepted accounting principles for governments requires fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The School may report the following classifications:

*Non-spendable* – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

*Restricted* – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board. The Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the School. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Management has assigned \$295,000 of the June 30, 2024 fund balance in the General Fund for anticipated costs toward securing a new facility. The School's current facilities restrict opportunities for growth in student enrollment. In addition, the budgeted FY25 excess of expenditures over revenues of \$57,534 is an assignment of the June 30, 2024 fund balance.

*Unassigned* – the residual classification for the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned, and unassigned – as needed, unless the Board has provided for otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 is shown below:

	В	Balance	In	creases	I	Balance
Governmental Activities:	7	/1/2023	(Decreases)		6/	30/2024
Classroom equipment	\$	23,299	\$	-	\$	23,299
Computer equipment		23,259		-		23,259
Playground equipment		28,941		-		28,941
Furniture and office equipment		10,552		-		10,552
Leasehold improvements		61,275		-		61,275
		147,326		-		147,326
Less accumulated depreciation		104,057		3,077		107,134
Capital Assets, net	\$	43,269	\$	(3,077)	\$	40,192

Depreciation expense of \$3,077 for the year ended June 30, 2024 has not been allocated to the School's functions/programs.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 6 – OPERATING LEASES**

The School's principal facilities are leased under the terms of cancellable annual and month-to-month lease contracts. Rental expense under the lease contracts was \$194,669 for the year ended June 30, 2024. The minimum rental expense under the leases is expected to be approximately \$205,500 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

#### NOTE 7 – NEVADA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Plan Description

The School contributes to the State of Nevada Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Nevada that covers substantially all employees of the School. PERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available on the web at http://www.nvpers.org or by writing to the State of Nevada Public Employees Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, NV 89703-1599 or by calling (775) 687-4200.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Benefits provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), which may be amended. Benefits are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, and on or after July 1, 2015. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed at 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier, and for regular members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015, there is a 2.25% multiplier. The System offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575-.579.

#### Vesting

Regular members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with ten years of service, or any age with thirty years of service. Regular members who entered the System on or after July 2015, are

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

eligible for retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service, or at age 62 with 10 years of service or at age 55 with 30 years of service or any age with 33 1/3 years of service.

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefit allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

#### Contributions

Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the State legislature. Contribution rates are based on biennial actuarial valuations and are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. One plan provides for matching employee and employer contributions, while the other plan provides for employer-pay contributions only. Under the matching Employee/Employer Contribution plan a member may, upon termination of service for which contribution is required, withdraw employee contributions which have been credited to their account. All membership rights and active service credit in the System are canceled upon withdrawal of contributions from the member's account. If EPC was elected, the member cannot convert to the Employee/Employer Contribution plan. As of June 30, 2023, all participants were in the EPC plan.

The required contribution rate for the EPC plan for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were 33.50% and 29.75%, respectively. The School's contributions to the Plan were \$237,466 and \$218,467 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### **PERS Investment Policy**

PERS' policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of the System.

The following was the PERS Board's adopted policy target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023:

		Long-Term
	Target	Geometric Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Stocks	42%	5.50%
International Stocks	18%	5.50%
U.S. Bonds	28%	0.75%
Private Markets	12%	6.65%
	100%	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Net Pension Liability**

At June 30, 2024, the School reported a liability of \$3,410,339 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the PERS pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating reporting units and members. At June 30, 2023, the School's proportion of the regular plan was .01868%, compared to its .01848% proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, a difference of .0000020.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the School calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%. The following also reflects what the School's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	1%	Decrease in	1% Increase in						
	Discount Rate			Discount Rate Disco			scount Rate	Ι	Discount Rate
	(6.25%) (7.25%)			(7.25%)		(8.25%)			
Net Pension Liability	\$	5,306,988	\$	3,410,339	\$	1,845,047			

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the NVPERS website.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The System's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.25% per year.
Salary increases	4.20% to 9.10% depending on service.
Inflation rate	2.50% per year.
Productivity pay increase	0.50%
Other assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2023 funding actuarial valuation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of the experience study for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized pension expense of \$478,262. As of June 30, 2024, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	I	<i>J</i> eterred	L	Deterred
	O	utflows of	Ir	nflows of
	R	lesources	R	esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	444,517	\$	31,920
Changes in assumptions		319,614		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan assets		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the				
School's contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		181,482		87,400
The School's contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		237,466		-
	\$	1,183,079	\$	119,320
	-			

The School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Years Ending	
June 30	Amount
2025	\$ 144,289
2026	110,164
2027	481,043
2028	71,597
2029	19,199
	\$ 826,292

#### NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Retirees of the School may receive continuing health coverage, or other postemployment benefits (OPEB) through the Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program (PEBP) or through the School's healthcare plan offered to its active employees.

#### Plan Descriptions

Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program

As of June 30, 2024, the School has no former employees or retirees for whom it currently is required to pay any subsidy toward retiree health coverage in PEBP, so no liability under PEBP has been recorded. The School will review this determination annually.

The School's Healthcare Plan

The School administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the School. Any retiree who participates in the Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) may purchase coverage for themselves and dependents at the same premium rate which is charged to the School's active employees. Because retirees pay the same premium as active employees rather than a higher rate that would result from rating retirees as a separate insured group, the School incurs the cost of an implicit premium subsidy. The School has elected to pay the implicit cost of postemployment benefits on the *pay-as-you-go* basis. The School's contributions were \$-0- for FY 24.

As of June 30, 2024, Plan membership consisted of 19 active plan members and 1 who has waived coverage.

Retirees are not permitted to continue the School's medical coverage after becoming eligible for coverage under Medicare. It was assumed that no implicit liability exists for dental or vision benefits provided to retirees, or that it is insignificant.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The School's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Valuation Date June 30, 2024
Inflation 2.50%
Salary Increases 3.0%
Municipal Bond Index Bond Buyer GO

20 Year Muni Bond Index

Discount Rate 3.93%

Healthcare Inflation 6.5% increase fluctuating

down to 3.9% by 2075. Retirement Age From 45 to 75

Mortality NV PERS 2021 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement MW Scale 2022

Mortality rates used were those based on the September 2021 experience study of Nevada PERS and were adjusted by applying the MacLeod Watts Scale 2022 on a generational basis from 2010 forward.

#### Sensitivity of the OPEB Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School's plan, as well as what the liability would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower) or 1% higher.

	1% I	Current	1% I	ncrease in			
	Disco	ount Rate to	Discount Rate		Disco	unt Rate to	
		2.93%		3.93%	4.93%		
Net OPEB liability	\$	23,282	\$	20,698	\$	18,395	

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the School's Plan and PEBP, as well as what the liabilities would be if they were calculated using a 1% decrease and a 1% increase in the healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% I	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Cur	Current Trend		ent Trend	Cur	rent Trend
Net OPEB liability	\$	17,266	\$	20,698	\$	24,959

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$3,325; reported deferred outflows of resources of \$3,207, and deferred inflows of resources of \$50,215.

#### Change in Net OPEB Liability

The following table depicts the School's changes in the net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Balance, July 1, 2023	\$ 41,237
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	5,387
Interest cost	1,926
Expected vs. actual experience	(28,904)
Changes of assumptions	 1,052
Net Changes	(20,539)
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 20,698

#### **NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

#### NOTE 10 – PUPIL-CENTERED FUNDING PLAN FOR FINANCING EDUCATION

During the 2019 State legislative session, Senate Bill 543 created the new Pupil-Centered Funding Plan (PCFP), effective July 1, 2021. The PCFP replaces the Nevada Plan formula, which had been in existence since the late 1960's. Under the PCFP all state and local funding for education flow through the newly created State Education Fund (SEF), a special revenue fund of the State of Nevada.

The PCFP is comprised of a statewide base per pupil funding amount, determined for the biennium during its respective legislative session. Certain cost adjustment factors are then applied to equitably adjust the per pupil funding for each school district and charter school, resulting in an adjusted base per pupil funding. This per pupil amount may then be increased for certain auxiliary services provided to pupils, such as transportation and food services. This component of the PCFP funding is unrestricted General Fund revenue.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Additional weighted funding included in the PCFP are restricted amounts for certain student groups, including English learners, at-risk, and gifted and talented students. Special education funding is not currently part of the PCFP. The funding is based on the number of special education students in each district or charter school, subject to certain limitations and/or provisions.

The PCFP funding for the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is comprised of the following:

Total ADE Adjusted Base Funding	\$ 2,781,893
Local Special Education	144,354
English Learners	36,312
At-Risk	9,415
Total Pupil-Centered Funding Plan	\$ 2,971,974

The School's sponsorship fee (which was withheld from its PCFP payments) was \$27,819 and has been reported with Other Support Services. As of June 30, 2024, the School owed the Nevada Department of Education \$3,541 for its FY24 "true-up." This amount is included in Accounts Payable on the School's Statement of Net Position and on its Balance Sheet. As of June 30, 2024, the \$241,839 was due from the Nevada Department of Education for its June 30, 2024 PCFP distribution. This is included in Due from Other Governments on the School's Statement of Net Position and on its Balance Sheet and was received on July 1, 2024.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NPL (NET PENSION LIABILITY) PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF NEVADA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Plan Year Ended						
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
School's proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.01868%		0.01848%		0.01743%		0.01678%		0.01862%	
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	3,410,339	\$	3,336,002	\$	1,589,662	\$	2,336,965	\$	2,539,339	
School's covered employee payroll	\$	1,573,357	\$	1,457,346	\$	1,395,685	\$	1,236,137	\$	1,253,306	
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		216.76%		228.91%		113.90%		189.05%		202.61%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		76.16%		75.10%	75.10% 86.51%		77.04%			76.46%	
				]	Plan	Year Ended	1				
		2010		204=		2016		2015		2014	
		2018		2017		2016					
School's proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.01764%		0.01706%		0.01538%		0.01347%		0.01220%	
School's proportion of the Net Pension Liability  School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	0.01220% 1,271,124	
	·	0.01764% 2,405,386	,	0.01706%	\$	0.01538%	\$	0.01347%	\$		
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	·	0.01764% 2,405,386	,	0.01706% 2,268,580		0.01538% 2,070,195	•	0.01347% 1,543,188	·	1,271,124	

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF NEVADA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	Determined	l for the Year End	ded June 30, 2021	2020
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 237,466	\$ 218,467	\$ 205,726	\$ 183,075	\$ 171,856
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	237,466	218,467	205,726	183,075	171,856
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
School's covered employee payroll	\$ 1,573,357	\$ 1,457,346	\$ 1,395,685	\$ 1,236,137	\$ 1,253,306
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	15.09%	14.99%	14.74%	14.81%	13.71%
		Determined	l for the Year End	ded June 30,	
	2019	Determined	l for the Year End 2017	ded June 30, 2016	2015
	2019			-	
Statutorily required contribution	<b>2019</b> \$ 174,006		2017	2016	
Statutorily required contribution  Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016 (As previous	ly reported)
Contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 174,006	<b>2018</b> \$ 177,314	2017 (As Restated) \$ 130,431	2016 (As previous \$ 263,814	ly reported) \$ 209,019
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 174,006	<b>2018</b> \$ 177,314	2017 (As Restated) \$ 130,431	2016 (As previous \$ 263,814	ly reported) \$ 209,019

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

		2024		2023		2022		2021	-	Initial 2020
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	5,387	\$	5,262	\$	8,712	\$	7,904	\$	7,534
Interest		1,926		1,627		1,373		1,337		1,133
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(28,904)		-		(5,728)		-		-
Changes in assumptions		1,052		(173)		(24,118)		2,694		609
Benefit payments		-		-		-		-		-
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(20,539)		6,716		(19,761)		11,935		9,276
Total OPEB Liability, beginning		41,237		34,521		54,282		42,347		33,071
Total OPEB Liability, ending		20,698		41,237		34,521		54,282		42,347
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Employer contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments								-		
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		-		-		-		-		-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning						-		-		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, ending		-		-		-		-		-
School's Net OPEB Liability	\$	20,698	\$	41,237	\$	34,521	\$	54,282	\$	54,282
Covered payroll	\$ 1	,527,716	\$ 1	,436,123	\$ 1	,430,270	\$ 1	1,236,137	\$ 1	,196,481
School's Net OPEB Liability as a % of covered payroll		1.35%		2.87%		2.41%		4.39%		3.54%

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented. However, until all 10 years of data is available the School presents information for those years for which the information is available.

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023)

	2024 BI	UDGET	20	2024		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
REVENUES						
Local Sources:						
Investment income	\$ 1,400	\$ 1,400	\$ 1,871	\$ 471	\$ 1,745	
Other		1,750	1,788	38		
	1,400	3,150	3,659	471	1,745	
State Sources:						
Pupil-Centered Funding Plan	2,444,000	2,915,000	2,971,974	56,974	2,335,847	
Special Education funding	50,000	85,000	188,338	103,338		
	2,494,000	3,000,000	3,160,312	160,312	2,335,847	
Federal Sources:						
E-rate funds	800	1,000	3,059	2,059	_	
Federal grants	15,000	25,000	35,110	10,110	84,966	
	15,800	26,000	38,169	12,169	84,966	
Total Revenues	2,511,200	3,029,150	3,202,140	172,952	2,422,558	
EXPENDITURES						
Regular Programs						
Instruction:						
Salaries	1,021,500	1,099,050	1,101,109	(2,059)	1,095,946	
Benefits	630,000	600,267	609,356	(9,089)	616,439	
Purchased services	18,000	16,000	14,967	1,033	14,069	
Supplies	33,000	36,450	30,006	6,444	30,166	
	1,702,500	1,751,767	1,755,438	(3,671)	1,756,620	
Student Transportation:						
Purchased services	2,000	1,000		1,000	398	
Other Support Services:						
Salaries	300,000	376,008	368,241	7,767	335,167	
Benefits	155,000	194,112	185,141	8,971	175,071	
Purchased services	395,000	445,200	423,550	21,650	397,958	
Supplies	58,100	44,440	41,165	3,275	39,354	
Property	-	-	6,333	(6,333)	-	
Other	-	250	-	250	250	
	908,100	1,060,010	1,024,430	35,580	947,800	
Total Regular Programs	2,612,600	2,812,777	2,779,868	32,909	2,704,818	
Continued on next page.						

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023)

	2024 BUDGET				2024					2023
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		TC	RIANCE FINAL UDGET	A	CTUAL
Special Programs										
Instruction:										
Salaries	\$	72,050	\$	104,050	\$	104,007	\$	43	\$	65,773
Benefits		33,600		44,836		44,029		807		30,247
Purchased services		40,000		39,000		39,430		(430)		32,970
		145,650		187,886		187,466		420		128,990
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	n									
Purchased services				24,000		23,425		575		23,180
Contingency		20,000		20,000				20,000		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		2,778,250		3,044,663		2,990,759		53,904		2,856,988
Net Change in Fund Balance		(267,050)		(15,513)		211,381		226,894		(434,430)
FUND BALANCE, July 1,		699,956		545,272		545,272				979,702
FUND BALANCE, June 30,	\$	432,906	\$	529,759	\$	756,653	\$	226,894	\$	545,272



Albert J. Kenneson, Jr. Hamza Khan

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Carson Montessori Charter School Carson City, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carson Montessori Charter School (a Political Subdivision of the State of Nevada) (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2024.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

loa Decisine & Assoc, LIC

Reno, Nevada

December 16, 2024



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### STATUTE COMPLIANCE

#### **Current Year**

Our comments related to the School's compliance with significant statutory constraints are reported in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### **Prior Year**

No potential violations were reported in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### **Current Year**

There are no recommendations of the magnitude for inclusion in this report as of or for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Prior Year

There were no recommendations of the magnitude for inclusion in the report as of or for the year ended June 30, 2023.